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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/748,017	12/29/2003	Sanjoy Ganguly	S9025.0282	6508
32172 DICKSTEIN SI	7590 07/25/200 HAPIRO LLP	EXAMINER		
1177 AVENUE	OF THE AMERICAS	SAMALA, JAGADISHWAR RAO		
NEW YORK, N	NY 10036-2714		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1618	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/25/2008	PAPER

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/748,017	GANGULY ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
JAGADISHWAR R. SAMALA	1618	

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	JAGAI	DISHWAR R. SAMALA	1618	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on	the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>13 March 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PLICAT	TION IN CONDITION FOR A	ALLOWANCE.	
1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appel for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 Coperiods:	replies: eal (with	(1) an amendment, affidavit appeal fee) in compliance v	, or other evidence, with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date				
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to	ater thán	SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	n.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(	f).			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extender 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	tension a shortened than thre	nd the corresponding amount of statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
NOTICE OF APPEAL				
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w</li> </ol>	nsion th	ereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS				
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, It (a) They raise new issues that would require further conto (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below).</li> </ol>	nsiderat			cause
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or	ter form	for appeal by materially rec	lucing or simplifying t	ne issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a	correspo	onding number of finally reje	cted claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	04 0	- Ward and Marker of Maria Occ		DTOL OOA)
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12		attached Notice of Non-Cor	npliant Amendment (	PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		if aubmitted in a concrete t	imply filed amondmor	ot concoling the
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		·	•	_
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prove the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:			be entered and an e	xplanation of
Claim(s) allowed: <i>None</i> . Claim(s) objected to: <i>None</i> .				
Claim(s) objected to: <u>None.</u> Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-12 and 17-32</u> .  Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:				
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE				
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).				
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary</li> </ol>	vercom	e <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail	s to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the	status of the claims after er	try is below or attach	ed.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does N	NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
<ul> <li>12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s).</li> <li>13. Other: Application number is miss spelled. Appropriate c</li> </ul>			008	
/Michael G. Hartley/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1618		Jagadishwar R Samala Examiner		
		Art Unit: 1618		

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's argument is not persuasive for the reasons below. Applicant argues the Fu reference does not teach cosmetic composition containing a coated mica nacreous pigment in which the mica is a synthetic mica having a particle size ranging from about 150 to 500 microns and also no teaching of any cosmetic composition selected from groups set forth in claim 26. This argument is not persuasive because the outcome achieved by instant application and prior art is substantially same (i.e. Fu teach a cosmetic composition comprising natural or synthetic mica such as muscovite, phlogopite and biotite coated with nacreous pigment such as titanium dioxide having a particle size in range of 5 to 400 microns, see col. 2 line 41-65 and also claims 2 and 12). And also Fu discloses that a promising area of application of this composition is in areas such as cosmetics, food stuffs and food contact applications. Thus claimed invention is inherently possessed or co-existing with physiochemical properties such as gloss, whiteness, compressibility, transparency, and brightness as the composition set forth in the instant application.

Applicant also argues that Fu in view of Calello does not teach cosmetic composition having better gloss and shine properties. This argument is not persuasive since Calello reference is relied upon for its teachings of knowledge in the art of cosmetic composition. particularly a lipstick, with long lasting adherence to skin which also has gloss and shine properties. On the same lines Watanabe reference is relied upon to establish that it is obvious to coat mica nacreous pigments of various particle sizes to make the composition more gloss and color power and good transparency and dispersibility (see col. 4 line 30-65). Similarly Kimura reference is relied upon to establish that it is obvious to coat mica nacreous pigments of various particle sizes to provide a titanium-mica composite material exhibits excellent color, tone (e.g. chroma and brightness), good consistency of an appearance color and excellent stability.

Applicant also argues that Fu in view of Miyoshi fails to disclose a cosmetic composition with synthetic fluorphlogopite mica. This argument is not persuasive since Miyoshi teaches a composite powder based on substrate particles such as talc, mica, sericite, kaolin and synthetic fluorphlogopite mica coated with micronized metal oxides particles (see col. 3 line 12-16). And the reference is relied upon to establish the knowledge in the art to develop a process or to formulate cosmetic compositions that can be used specifically, as compressed powder cosmetics effective in protecting the skin against UV rays. Thus, the claimed invention is not patentably distinct from the prior art of the record.

/Michael G. Hartlev/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1618